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Final BHMS Degree Examinations April 2017

Case Taking & Repertorisation

Time: 3 hrs Max marks: 100

Answer all questions

Essays: (2x10=20)

1. Explain in detail the philosophical background, plan and construction of BBCR with its utility.

2. Define repertory and classify repertories. Which type of repertory is more useful you feel and why.

Short notes: (10x5=50)

- 3. Use of relationship chapter of Boenninghausen's therapeutic pocket book.
- 4. Kishore's card repertory in detail.
- 5. Scope and limitations of Boericke's repertory.
- 6. Special features of Murphy's repertory
- 7. Importance of the years in the field of repertory 1905, 1885, 1896, 1900 and 1961.
- 8. Relationship between materia madica and repertory
- 9. Anamnesis and catamnesis
- 10. Special features of hompath classic
- 11. Mention the importance of pathology in case taking and significance in prescription.
- 12. Requisites for physician in case taking.

Answer briefly: (10x3=30)

- 13. Eliminating symptoms in repertorisation.
- 14. Steps to the repertorisation.
- 15. Name some chapters in BBCR where concomitants are given in detail
- 16. Name some modern repertories.
- 17. Kunzili dots.
- 18. Symbols used in Kneer's repertory.
- 19. Doctrine of complete symptom
- 20. Develop abbreviations anan, carl, jug-c,
- 21. Mention the section/chapter in which the following symptoms/rubrics in Kent's repertory
 - Pain comes suddenly and goes suddenly.
 Fracture heals slowly.
 - Stool escapes on laughing
- 22. Mention the meanings of following rubrics
 - Adynamic fever
 Reproaches
 Frivolous
